:Hilbert מרחבי

עבור בסיס אורתונורמלי מתקיים:

אם קיים בסיס אורתוגונלי:

 $\left\langle \alpha \left| \alpha \right\rangle = \sum_{i} \left| \left\langle a' \right| \alpha \right\rangle \right|^{2} , \int \left| \xi' \right\rangle \left\langle \xi' \right| d\xi' = 1 \ , \sum_{i} \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 \ A = \sum_{i'} a' \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| \alpha \right\rangle = \sum_{a'} c_{a'} \left| a' \right\rangle \quad A \left| a \right\rangle = a' \left| a \right\rangle = \left| a' \right| \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a' \right\rangle \left\langle a' \right| = 1 , \\ \left| a'$

וקטור |lpha
angle מנורמל: ואם בנוסף $|lpha\rangle$ מנורמל אז:

$$\left|\left.\tilde{\alpha}\right.\right\rangle = \frac{\left|\left.\alpha\right.\right\rangle}{\sqrt{\left\langle\alpha\left.\right|\left.\alpha\right.}} \qquad \qquad \int \left|\left\langle\xi\right.\right|\left.\alpha\right.\right\rangle\right|^{2} \, d\left.\xi\right.' = 1 \quad \text{in } \sum_{a'} \left|c_{a'}\right|^{2} = \sum_{a'} \left|\left\langle a\right.\right|\left.\alpha\right.\right\rangle\right|^{2} = 1$$

$$\left\langle eta \left| lpha \right\rangle = \left\langle lpha \left| eta \right\rangle = 0$$
 אמ"מ $\left\langle eta \left| lpha \right\rangle = 0$ אורתוגונלים: $\left| eta \right\rangle \left(\left\langle lpha \left| \gamma \right\rangle \right) \left| eta \right\rangle \left(\left\langle lpha \left| \gamma \right\rangle \right) \left| eta \right\rangle \left\langle lpha \left| lpha \right\rangle \right\rangle = \left\langle lpha \left| eta \right\rangle \left\langle lpha \left| lpha \right\rangle \right\rangle = \left\langle lpha \left| eta \right\rangle \left\langle lpha \left| \gamma \right\rangle \right|$

הצגה מטריצית:

$$X=X^{\dagger}: \text{ אופרטור הרמיטי:}$$

$$UU^{\dagger}=U^{\dagger}U=1: \text{ אופרטור אוניטרי:}$$

$$X^{\dagger}=\left|\alpha\right>\left<\beta\right| \text{ (} A^{(1)}\left|X\right|a^{(1)}\right> \left<\alpha^{(1)}\left|X\right|a^{(2)}\right> \cdots \left<\alpha^{(1)}\left|X\right|a^{(2)}\right> \cdots \left<\alpha^{(2)}\left|X\right|a^{(2)}\right> \cdots \left<\alpha$$

[A+B,C] = [A,C] + [B,C] $[A^m,B]=mA^{m-1}[A,B]$ [A,BC] = [A,B]C + B[A,C] $e^{A}e^{B} = e^{A+B}e^{\frac{1}{2}[A,B]}$

:Compatible Observables: במידה ולשני המדידים [A,[B,C]]+[B,[C,A]]+[C,[A,B]]=0יש סט שלם של וקטורים עצמיים משותפים.

אם B,A מוגדרים חיוביים: תכונות: אופרטור טנספורמציה: תכונות:

$$\operatorname{tr}(X,Y) \ge 0 \quad \operatorname{tr}(XY) = \operatorname{tr}(YX) \\ \operatorname{tr}(X) = \operatorname{tr}(U^{\dagger}XU) \quad \operatorname{tr}(X) = \sum_{a'} \langle a' | X | a' \rangle \quad U | a^{(l)} \rangle = |b^{(l)} \rangle \\ X' = U^{\dagger}XU \quad U = \sum_{k} |b^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{(k)} | C = \sum_{k} |a^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{(k)} | C = \sum_{k} |a^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{(k)} | C = \sum_{k} |a^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{(k)} \rangle \langle a^{$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{U}^{\dagger}\left(t,t_{0}\right)\mathsf{U}\left(t,t_{0}\right)=1 \\ \mathsf{U}\left(t_{2},t_{0}\right)=\mathsf{U}\left(t_{2},t_{1}\right)\mathsf{U}\left(t_{1},t_{0}\right) \\ \mathsf{U}\left(t,t_{0}=0\right)\equiv\mathsf{U}\left(t\right)=\exp\left(\frac{-iHt}{\hbar}\right) \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{T}^{\dagger}\left(d\mathbf{x}'\right)\mathsf{T}\left(d\mathbf{x}'\right)=1 \\ \mathsf{T}\left(-d\mathbf{x}'\right)=\mathsf{T}^{-1}\left(d\mathbf{x}'\right) \end{array}$$

משוואת שרדינגר:

$$i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} \mathsf{U} \left(t, t_0 \right) \left| \alpha, t_0 \right\rangle = H \mathsf{U} \left(t, t_0 \right) \left| \alpha, t_0 \right\rangle$$

$$\to i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} \left| \alpha, t_0; t \right\rangle = H \left| \alpha, t_0; t \right\rangle$$

מעבר מהצגת היזנברג להצגת שרדינגר:

$$\frac{dA^{(H)}}{dt} = \frac{1}{i\hbar} \left[A^{(H)}, H \right], \quad H^{(H)} = H \qquad \frac{dx_i}{dt} = \frac{p_i}{m}, \quad \frac{dp_i}{dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} V\left(\mathbf{x}\right)$$

תנע בהצגת מקום/מקום בהצגת תנע:

 $A^{(H)}(0) = A^{(S)}$

 $A^{(H)}(t) \equiv \mathsf{U}^{\dagger}(t) A^{(S)} \mathsf{U}(t)$

$$\left\langle \left(\Delta x \right)^{2} \right\rangle \left\langle \left(\Delta p_{x} \right)^{2} \right\rangle \geq \hbar^{2} / 4$$

$$\left[p, A(x) \right] = \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{dA}{dx} \left[x_{i}, p_{j} \right] = i\hbar \delta_{ij}, \quad \left[p_{i}, p_{j} \right] = \left[x_{i}, x_{j} \right] = 0 \quad p = \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{d}{dx}$$

$$\left\langle x' \middle| p \middle| \alpha \right\rangle = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x'} \left\langle x' \middle| \alpha \right\rangle$$

$$\left[p, B(x) \right] = \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{dB}{dx} \left[p_{i}, x_{j} \right] = -i\hbar \delta_{ij}, \quad \left[p, x^{n} \right] = -ni\hbar x^{n-1} \quad x = i\hbar \frac{d}{dp}$$

:עקרון אי הוודאות

$$\left\langle \left(\Delta x \right)^{2} \right\rangle \left\langle \left(\Delta p_{x} \right)^{2} \right\rangle \geq \hbar^{2} / 4 \qquad \left[p, A(x) \right] = \frac{\pi}{i} \frac{dA}{dx} \left[x_{i}, p_{j} \right] = i\hbar \delta_{ij}, \quad \left[p_{i}, p_{j} \right] = \left[x_{i}, A(x) \right] = \frac{\pi}{i} \frac{dB}{dx} \left[p_{i}, x_{j} \right] = -i\hbar \delta_{ij}, \quad \left[$$

ערך תוחלת:

$$|\alpha'|\alpha\rangle = \begin{cases} \psi_{\alpha}(x') = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}}\right) \int \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} p'x'\right) \phi_{\alpha}(p') dp' & \langle x'|\alpha\rangle = \psi_{\alpha}(x'), \int |\psi|^{2} = 1 \\ \phi_{\alpha}(p') = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}}\right) \int \exp\left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} p'x'\right) \psi_{\alpha}(p') dx' & \langle \beta|\alpha\rangle = \int \psi_{\beta}^{*}(x') \psi_{\alpha}(x') dx' \\ \langle x'|p'\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \exp\left(\frac{-ip'x'}{\hbar}\right) \end{cases}$$

$$(\mathbf{J} = \text{probability current}) \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rho + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{J} = 0 \quad \mathbf{J} = \frac{1}{m} \operatorname{Re}\left(\psi^{*}\left(-i\hbar\nabla\psi\right)\right)$$

 $\langle A \rangle = \langle A \rangle_{\alpha} \equiv \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle =$ $= \sum \sum \langle \alpha | a \rangle \langle a | A | a \rangle \langle a | \alpha \rangle =$ $= \sum a' |\langle a' | \alpha \rangle|^2 \to \int |x' \rangle \langle x' | \alpha \rangle dx'$ $\frac{d}{dt}\langle A \rangle = \frac{1}{i\hbar} \langle [A, H] \rangle + \langle \frac{\partial}{\partial t} A \rangle$

$$C(t) \equiv \langle \alpha | \alpha, t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \langle \alpha | U(t,0) | \alpha \rangle$$
 אם $\langle \alpha | C(t) = \langle \alpha | \alpha, t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \langle \alpha | U(t,0) | \alpha \rangle$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$ אם $\langle C(t) = \langle a' | a', t_0 = 0; t \rangle = \exp\left(\frac{-iE_a \cdot t}{\hbar}\right)$

|lpha| ועבור וקטור כללי:

$$\int |g(E)|^2 \rho(E) dE = 1 \qquad C(t) = \sum_{a'} |c_{a'}|^2 \exp\left(\frac{-iE_{a'}t}{\hbar}\right) \rightarrow \int |g(E)|^2 \rho(E) \exp\left(\frac{-iEt}{\hbar}\right) dE$$

אופרטורים: בהצגה מטריצית:
$$S_z \doteq \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, S_x \doteq \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, S_x \doteq \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} 1 = \left| + \right\rangle \langle + \left| + \right| - \left| - \right\rangle \langle - \left| \right| \\ S_z = \frac{\hbar}{2} \left(\left| + \right\rangle \langle + \left| - \right| - \left| - \right\rangle \langle - \left| \right| \right) \\ \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\mathbf{S} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}\phi \right) \doteq \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\mathbf{\sigma} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}\phi \right), \text{ in } 2 \times 2 \text{ form : } \\ S_x = \frac{\hbar}{2} \left(\left| + \right\rangle \langle - \left| + \right| - \left| - \right\rangle \langle + \left| \right| \right) \\ \left| S_y : \pm \right\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| + \right\rangle \pm \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left| - \right\rangle \quad \left(\cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - (-in_x - n_y) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) + in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - in_z \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \\ \left(-in_x + n_y \right) \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)$$

 $(B_z$ נתון עבור ω) :המילטוניאן

$$\mathsf{D}_{z}\left(\phi\right) = \exp\left(\frac{-iS_{z}\phi}{\hbar}\right) = e^{-i\frac{\phi}{2}}\left|+\right\rangle\left\langle+\right| + e^{i\frac{\phi}{2}}\left|-\right\rangle\left\langle-\right| \qquad E_{\pm} = \mp\frac{\hbar\omega}{2} \quad H = -\left(\frac{e}{m_{e}c}\right)\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{B}, \quad \omega \equiv \frac{|e|B}{m_{e}c}$$

$$\left(\mathbf{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{a}\right)\left(\mathbf{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{b}\right) = \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} + i\mathbf{\sigma}\left(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}\right), \left[\sigma_{i}, \sigma_{j}\right] = 2i\varepsilon_{i,j,k}\sigma_{k} \quad , \sigma_{i}\sigma_{j} + \sigma_{j}\sigma_{i} = 2\delta_{ij} \quad \text{where } \mathbf{a}$$

$$E_{n} = \hbar\omega\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \quad H = \frac{1}{2m}p^{2} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^{2}x^{2} = \hbar\omega\left(N + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$|n\rangle = \left(\left(a^{\dagger}\right)^{n} / \sqrt{n!}\right)|0\rangle \quad aa^{\dagger} = a^{\dagger}a + 1, \quad \left[a, a^{\dagger}\right] = 1 \quad \text{inor nivity:} \quad a = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar}}\left(x + \frac{ip}{m\omega}\right), \quad a|n\rangle = \sqrt{n}|n-1\rangle$$

$$|n\rangle = \left(\left(a^{\dagger}\right)^{n} / \sqrt{n!}\right)|0\rangle = |\alpha\rangle \quad a|\alpha\rangle = \alpha|\alpha\rangle =$$

$$D(\alpha)|0\rangle = |\alpha\rangle \text{ , } a|\alpha\rangle = \alpha|\alpha\rangle \text{ : a such a final problem}$$

$$A^{\dagger} = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar}} \left(x - \frac{ip}{m\omega}\right), \quad a^{\dagger}|n\rangle = \sqrt{n+1}|n+1\rangle$$

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$$a = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar}} \left(x + \frac{ip}{m\omega}\right), \quad a|n\rangle = \sqrt{n|n-1\rangle}$$
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$$x_0 = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{m\omega}}, \langle x'|0\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x_0}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x'}{x_0}\right)^2\right)$$

$$H_n(z) = (2z - \frac{d}{dz})^n \cdot 1$$
 , $\frac{d}{dz}H_n(z) = 2nH_{n-1}(z)$

חלקיק חופשי:

$$H = \frac{1}{2m} p^2 + V(\vec{r})$$
 $\psi''_n + \frac{1}{\hbar^2} (E_n - V) \psi_n = 0$ משוואת שרדינגר:

מטריצות סיבוב:

$$\text{Recoil Cos} \phi = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi & 0 \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, R_x(\phi) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ 0 & \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{pmatrix}, R_y(\phi) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \phi & 0 & \sin \phi \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \phi & 0 & \cos \phi \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{J}_i, \boldsymbol{J}_j \end{bmatrix} = i\hbar \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{ijk} \boldsymbol{J}_k \quad \boldsymbol{D}_z(\phi) = \exp\left(\frac{-i\boldsymbol{J}_z \phi}{\hbar}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{J}^{2}|a,b\rangle = a|a,b\rangle, J_{z}|a,b\rangle = b|a,b\rangle \quad \mathbf{J}^{2} = J_{x}J_{x} + J_{y}J_{y} + J_{z}J_{z}, \quad \left[\mathbf{J}^{2},J_{k}\right] = 0, \quad (k = 1,2,3)$$

$$J_{+}|a,b_{\max}\rangle = 0, \quad b_{\max} = b_{\min} + n\hbar = \frac{n\hbar}{2} \qquad J_{z}\left(J_{\pm}|a,b\rangle\right) = \left(b\pm\hbar\right)\left(J_{\pm}|a,b\rangle\right) \qquad J_{\pm} = J_{x}\pm iJ_{y}, \quad \left[J_{+},J_{-}\right] = 2\hbar J_{z}$$

$$\mathbf{J}^{2}\left(J_{\pm}|a,b\rangle\right) = a\left(J_{\pm}|a,b\rangle\right) \qquad \left[J_{z},J_{\pm}\right] = \pm\hbar J_{\pm}, \quad \left[\mathbf{J}^{2},J_{\pm}\right] = 0$$

$$a = b_{\min}\left(b_{\min} - \hbar\right) \quad j = \frac{1}{2},1,\frac{3}{2},\dots \quad , m = -j,-j+1,\dots,j-1, \quad j \equiv \frac{b_{\max}}{\hbar} \quad m \equiv \frac{b}{\hbar}$$

$$\hbar\sqrt{\left(j\mp m\right)\left(j\pm m+1\right)}\delta_{j,j'}\delta_{m',m+1} \quad {}^{'}J_{-}\left|j,m\right\rangle = \hbar\sqrt{\left(j+m\right)\left(j-m+1\right)}\left|j,m-1\right\rangle \quad {}^{'}J_{z}\left|j,m\right\rangle = m\hbar\left|j,m\right\rangle}$$

$$\mathbf{J}^{2}\mathsf{D}\left(R\right)\left|j,m\right\rangle = \mathsf{D}\left(R\right)\mathbf{J}^{2}\left|j,m\right\rangle = j\left(j+1\right)\hbar^{2}\left[\mathsf{D}\left(R\right)\left|j,m\right\rangle\right] : \text{ The proof of the proof of$$

ערכים עצמיים 🗲 אופרטור

 $\langle x' | L_z | \alpha \rangle = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \langle x' | \alpha \rangle$

חלקיק בפוטנציאל מרכזי:

$$H \to E_{k,l}, \quad \mathbf{L}^2 \to l(l+1)\hbar^2, \quad L_z \to m\hbar \qquad \qquad \varphi_{l,k,m}(r) = \frac{1}{r}U_{k,l}(r) \cdot Y_l^m(\theta,\phi) \qquad \qquad H = \frac{\mathbf{p}^2}{2\mu} + V(r)$$

פונקיות רדיאליות בלבד:

$$R_{1,0} = 2\left(\frac{z}{a_0}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-\frac{zr}{a_0}} \qquad \qquad \varphi_{1,0,0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi a_0^3}} e^{-\frac{r}{a}}, \quad \varphi_{2,0,0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8\pi a_0^3}} \left(1 - \frac{r}{2a_0}\right) e^{-\frac{r}{2a_0}}$$

$$R_{2,0} = \left(\frac{z}{2a_0}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(2 - \frac{zr}{a_0}\right) e^{-\frac{zr}{2a_0}} \qquad \qquad \varphi_{2,1,\pm 1} = \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{8\pi a_0^3}} \frac{r}{a_0} e^{-\frac{r}{2a_0}} \sin \theta e^{\pm i\phi}$$

$$R_{2,1} = \left(\frac{z}{2a_0}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{zr}{\sqrt{3}a_0}\right) e^{-\frac{zr}{2a_0}} \qquad \qquad \varphi_{2,1,0} = \mp \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2\pi a_0^3}} \frac{r}{a_0} e^{-\frac{r}{2a_0}} \cos \theta$$

 $J_{+}|j,m\rangle = \hbar\sqrt{(j-m)(j+m+1)}|j,m+1\rangle$ $J^{2}|j,m\rangle = j(j+1)\hbar^{2}|j,m\rangle$

צברים:

אופרטור צפיפות: (שוויון מתקיים בצבר טהור)

 $\langle x', y', z' | \left[1 - i \left(\frac{\delta \phi}{\hbar} \right) L_z \right] | \alpha \rangle = \langle x' + y' \delta \phi, y' - x' \delta \phi, z' | \alpha \rangle$

$$\rho \equiv \sum_{i} w_{i} \left| \alpha^{(i)} \right\rangle \left\langle \alpha^{(i)} \right|, \quad \sum_{i} w_{i} = 1, \quad \operatorname{tr}(\rho) = 1, \quad \operatorname{tr}(\rho^{2}) \leq 1$$

:התפתחות בזמן

:ממוצע צבר

$$i\hbar\frac{\partial\rho}{\partial t} = -\left[\rho,H\right] \quad \left[A\right] \equiv \sum_{i} w_{i} \left\langle \alpha^{(i)} \left| A \right| \alpha^{(i)} \right\rangle = \sum_{i} \sum_{a'} w_{i} \left| \left\langle a' \right| \alpha^{(i)} \right\rangle \right|^{2} a' = \operatorname{tr}\left(\rho A\right)$$

אנרגיה פנימית:

 $\langle j', m' | J_+ | j, m \rangle =$

מכניקה קוונטית סטטיסטית

$$U = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \ln(Z) , \rho = \frac{e^{-\beta H}}{Z}, \quad \rho_{kk} = \frac{e^{-\beta E_k}}{Z}, \quad \beta = -\frac{1}{kT}, W_i = \frac{1}{Z} e^{-\beta E_l} , Z = \sum_{k=0}^{N} \exp(-\beta E_k) = \operatorname{tr}(e^{-\beta H})$$

. נקבל: $|arphi_n
angle$ נקבל: עבור מצב בלתי מנוון נקבל

$$E_{n}(\lambda) = E_{n}^{0} + \underbrace{\langle \varphi_{n} \big| W \big| \varphi_{n} \rangle}_{\text{(initic adder left)}} + \underbrace{\sum_{p \neq n} \sum_{i} \frac{\left| \left\langle \varphi_{p}^{i} \big| W \big| \varphi_{n} \right\rangle \right|^{2}}{E_{n}^{0} - E_{p}^{0}}}_{\text{(initic adder left)}} + \underbrace{O(\lambda^{3})}_{\text{(initic adder left)}}, \\ H(\lambda) = H_{0} + \lambda \hat{W}, \\ H(\lambda) \big| \psi(\lambda) \big\rangle = E(\lambda) \big| \psi(\lambda) \big\rangle$$

$$|\varphi_{n}(\lambda) \big\rangle = \big| \varphi_{n} \big\rangle + \sum_{p \neq n} \sum_{i} \frac{\left\langle \varphi_{p}^{i} \big| W \big| \varphi_{n} \right\rangle}{E_{n}^{0} - E_{p}^{0}} + O(\lambda^{2})$$

<u>מכניקה קלאסית:</u>

משוואת לגרנג': כוח, במקרה הכללי: משוואות המילטון-יעקובי: המילטוניאן:
$$H = \sum_{i} p_{i}\dot{q}_{i} - \mathsf{L} \qquad \dot{q}_{j} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_{j}}, \quad -p_{i} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_{j}} \qquad F_{i} = \frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial U}{\partial \dot{q}_{i}} - \frac{\partial U}{\partial q_{i}} \qquad \frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial \mathsf{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_{i}} - \frac{\partial \mathsf{L}}{\partial q_{i}} = 0$$

$$\left[A(q,p),B(q,p)\right]_{classical} = \sum_{s} \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial q_{s}}\frac{\partial B}{\partial p_{s}} - \frac{\partial A}{\partial p_{s}}\frac{\partial B}{\partial q_{s}}\right) \qquad \left[A,B\right]_{(classical)} = \frac{1}{i\hbar}\left[A,B\right]$$